

## Rules for integrands of the form $(c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p$

1:  $\int x^m P_q[x^2] (a + b x^2)^p dx$  when  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$

Derivation: Integration by substitution

Basis: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then  $x^m F[x^2] = \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst}[x^{\frac{m-1}{2}} F[x], x, x^2] \partial_x x^2$

Rule 1.1.2.y.1: If  $\frac{m-1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$ , then

$$\int x^m P_q[x^2] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst}\left[\int x^{\frac{m-1}{2}} P_q[x] (a + b x)^p dx, x, x^2\right]$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_.*Pq_*(a_+b_.x^2)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/2*Subst[Int[x^(m-1)/2]*SubstFor[x^2,Pq,x]*(a+b*x)^p,x,x^2] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^2] && IntegerQ[(m-1)/2]
```

2:  $\int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx$  when  $P_q[x, \theta] = \theta$

Derivation: Algebraic simplification

Rule 1.1.2.y.2: If  $P_q[x, \theta] = \theta$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{c} \int (c x)^{m+1} \text{PolynomialQuotient}[P_q[x], x, x] (a + b x^2)^p dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_+b_.x^2)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  1/c*Int[(c*x)^(m+1)*PolynomialQuotient[Pq,x,x]*(a+b*x^2)^p,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && EqQ[Coeff[Pq,x,0],0]
```

$$3: \int (c x)^m (a + b x^2)^p (f + h x^2) dx \text{ when } a h (m + 1) - b f (m + 2 p + 3) = 0 \wedge m \neq -1$$

Derivation: Special case of one step of the Ostrogradskiy-Hermite integration method

Rule 1.1.2.y.3: If  $a h (m + 1) - b f (m + 2 p + 3) = 0 \wedge m \neq -1$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x^2)^p (f + h x^2) dx \rightarrow \frac{f (c x)^{m+1} (a + b x^2)^{p+1}}{a c (m + 1)}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.**x_)^m_.*P2_*(a_+b_.*x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{f=Coeff[P2,x,0],g=Coeff[P2,x,1],h=Coeff[P2,x,2]},
    h*(c*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*c*(m+2*p+3))/;
    EqQ[g,0] && EqQ[a*h*(m+1)-b*f*(m+2*p+3),0] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,p},x] && PolyQ[P2,x,2] && NeQ[m,-1]
```

$$4: \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \text{ when } p + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

Rule 1.1.2.y.4: If  $p + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow \int \text{ExpandIntegrand}[(c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p, x] dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.**x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*Pq*(a+b*x^2)^p,x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,m},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && IGtQ[p,-2]
```

5:  $\int x^m P_q[x^2] (a + b x^2)^p dx$  when  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} + p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2q + 2p + 1 < 0$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and binomial recurrence 3b

Basis:  $\int x^m (a + b x^2)^p dx = \frac{x^{m+1} (a+b x^2)^{p+1}}{a (m+1)} - \frac{b (m+2) (p+1) + 1}{a (m+1)} \int x^{m+2} (a + b x^2)^p dx$

Note: Interestingly this rule eliminates the constant term of  $P_q[x^2]$  rather than the highest degree term.

Rule 1.1.2.y.5: If  $\frac{m}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge \frac{m+1}{2} + p \in \mathbb{Z}^- \wedge m + 2q + 2p + 1 < 0$ , let  $A \rightarrow P_q[x^2, \theta]$  and  $Q_{q-1}[x^2] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}[P_q[x^2] - A, x^2, x]$ , then

$$\int x^m P_q[x^2] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$A \int x^m (a + b x^2)^p dx + \int x^{m+2} Q_{q-1}[x^2] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{A x^{m+1} (a + b x^2)^{p+1}}{a (m+1)} + \frac{1}{a (m+1)} \int x^{m+2} (a + b x^2)^p (a (m+1) Q_{q-1}[x^2] - A b (m+2) (p+1) + 1) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[x^m_*Pq_*(a+b_*x^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{A=Coeff[Pq,x,0],Q=PolynomialQuotient[Pq-Coeff[Pq,x,0],x^2,x]},
    A*x^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(a*(m+1)) + 1/(a*(m+1))*Int[x^(m+2)*(a+b*x^2)^p*(a*(m+1)*Q-A*b*(m+2*(p+1)+1)),x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x^2] && IntegerQ[m/2] && ILtQ[(m+1)/2+p,0] && LtQ[m+Expon[Pq,x]+2*p+1,0]
```

$$6. \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \text{ when } p < -1$$

$$1: \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \text{ when } p < -1 \wedge m > 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 2a

Rule 1.1.2.y.6.1: If  $p < -1 \wedge m > 0$ ,

let  $Q_{q-2}[x] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}[P_q[x], a + b x^2, x]$  and  $f + g x \rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}[P_q[x], a + b x^2, x]$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow \\ & \int (c x)^m (f + g x) (a + b x^2)^p dx + \int (c x)^{m-1} (c x) Q_{q-2}[x] (a + b x^2)^{p+1} dx \rightarrow \\ & \frac{(c x)^m (a + b x^2)^{p+1} (a g - b f x)}{2 a b (p + 1)} + \frac{c}{2 a b (p + 1)} \int (c x)^{m-1} (a + b x^2)^{p+1} (2 a b (p + 1) x Q_{-2+q}[x] - a g m + b f (m + 2 p + 3) x) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.**x_)^m_.**Pq_*(a_+b_.**x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{Q=PolynomialQuotient[Pq,a+b*x^2,x],
    f=Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq,a+b*x^2,x],x,0],
    g=Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq,a+b*x^2,x],x,1]},
  (c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)*(a*g-b*f*x)/(2*a*b*(p+1)) +
  c/(2*a*b*(p+1))*Int[(c*x)^(m-1)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*b*(p+1)*x*Q-a*g*m+b*f*(m+2*p+3)*x,x]] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && LtQ[p,-1] && GtQ[m,0]
```

$$2. \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \text{ when } p < -1 \wedge m \neq 0$$

$$1: \int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \text{ when } p < -1 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and trinomial recurrence 2b

Rule 1.1.2.y.6.2.1: If  $p < -1 \wedge m \in \mathbb{Z}^-$ ,

let  $Q_{m+q-2}[x] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}[(c x)^m P_q[x], a + b x^2, x]$  and  
 $f + g x \rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}[(c x)^m P_q[x], a + b x^2, x]$ , then

$$\int (c x)^m P_q[x] (a + b x^2)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$\int (f + g x) (a + b x^2)^p dx + \int Q_{m+q-2}[x] (a + b x^2)^{p+1} dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(a g - b f x) (a + b x^2)^{p+1}}{2 a b (p + 1)} + \frac{1}{2 a (p + 1)} \int (c x)^m (a + b x^2)^{p+1} (2 a (p + 1) (c x)^{-m} Q_{m+q-2}[x] + f (2 p + 3) (c x)^{-m}) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.**x_)^m_.**Pq_*(a_+b_.**x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{Q=PolynomialQuotient[(c*x)^m*Pq,a+b*x^2,x],
    f=Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq,a+b*x^2,x],x,0],
    g=Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[(c*x)^m*Pq,a+b*x^2,x],x,1]}],
  (a*g-b*f*x)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*a*b*(p+1)) +
  1/(2*a*(p+1))*Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p+1)*(c*x)^(-m)*Q+f*(2*p+3)*(c*x)^(-m),x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && LtQ[p,-1] && ILtQ[m,0]
```

$$2: \int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \text{ when } p < -1 \wedge m \neq 0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 2b

Rule 1.1.2.y.6.2.2: If  $p < -1 \wedge m \neq 0$ ,

let  $Q_{q-2}[x] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}[P_q[x], a+bx^2, x]$  and  $f+gx \rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}[P_q[x], a+bx^2, x]$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \rightarrow \\ & \int (cx)^m (f+gx) (a+bx^2)^p dx + \int (cx)^m Q_{q-2}[x] (a+bx^2)^{p+1} dx \rightarrow \\ & -\frac{(cx)^{m+1} (f+gx) (a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{2ac(p+1)} + \frac{1}{2a(p+1)} \int (cx)^m (a+bx^2)^{p+1} (2a(p+1)Q_{q-2}[x] + f(m+2p+3) + g(m+2p+4)x) dx \end{aligned}$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c.*x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{Q=PolynomialQuotient[Pq,a+b*x^2,x],
    f=Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq,a+b*x^2,x],x,0],
    g=Coeff[PolynomialRemainder[Pq,a+b*x^2,x],x,1]},
  -(c*x)^(m+1)*(f+g*x)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(2*a*c*(p+1)) +
  1/(2*a*(p+1))*Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)*ExpandToSum[2*a*(p+1)*Q+f*(m+2*p+3)+g*(m+2*p+4)*x,x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,m},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && LtQ[p,-1] && Not[GtQ[m,0]]
```

7:  $\int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx$  when  $m < -1$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 3b

Note: If  $q = 1$ , no need to reduce integrand since  $\int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx$  can be expressed as a two term sum of hyperbolic functions.

Rule 1.1.2.y.7: If  $m < -1$ ,

let  $Q_{q-1}[x] \rightarrow \text{PolynomialQuotient}[P_q[x], cx, x]$  and  $R \rightarrow \text{PolynomialRemainder}[P_q[x], cx, x]$ , then

$$\int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$\int (cx)^{m+1} Q_{q-1}[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx + R \int (cx)^m (a+bx^2)^p dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{R (cx)^{m+1} (a+bx^2)^{p+1}}{ac(m+1)} + \frac{1}{ac(m+1)} \int (cx)^{m+1} (a+bx^2)^p (ac(m+1)Q_{q-1}[x] - bR(m+2p+3)x) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c*x_)^m_*Pq_*(a_+b_*x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{Q=PolynomialQuotient[Pq,c*x,x], R=PolynomialRemainder[Pq,c*x,x]},
    R*(c*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(a*c*(m+1)) +
    1/(a*c*(m+1))*Int[(c*x)^(m+1)*(a+b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[a*c*(m+1)*Q-b*R*(m+2*p+3)*x,x],x] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && LtQ[m,-1] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || NeQ[Expon[Pq,x],1])
```

$$8: \int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \text{ when } m+q+2p+1=0$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion

$$\text{Basis: } (cx)^m P_q[x] = \frac{P_q[x,q] (cx)^{m+q}}{c^q} + \frac{(cx)^m (c^q P_q[x] - P_q[x,q] (cx)^q)}{c^q}$$

Rule 1.1.2.y.8: If  $m+q+2p+1=0$ , then

$$\int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \rightarrow \frac{P_q[x,q]}{c^q} \int (cx)^{m+q} (a+bx^2)^p dx + \frac{1}{c^q} \int (cx)^m (a+bx^2)^p (c^q P_q[x] - P_q[x,q] (cx)^q) dx$$

Program code:

```
Int[(c_.x_)^m_.Pq_*(a_+b_.x_^2)^p_.,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{q=Expon[Pq,x]},
    Coeff[Pq,x,q]/c^q*Int[(c*x)^(m+q)*(a+b*x^2)^p,x] +
    1/c^q*Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[c^q*Pq-Coeff[Pq,x,q]*(c*x)^q,x] /;
    EqQ[q,1] || EqQ[m+q+2*p+1,0] ] /;
  FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && Not[IGtQ[m,0] && ILtQ[p+1/2,0]]
```

$$9: \int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \text{ when } q > 1 \wedge m+q+2p+1 \neq 0 \wedge (m \notin \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$$

Derivation: Algebraic expansion and quadratic recurrence 3a with  $A = d, B = e$  and  $m = m - 1$

Rule 1.1.2.y.9: If  $q > 1 \wedge m+q+2p+1 \neq 0 \wedge (m \notin \mathbb{Z}^+ \vee p + \frac{1}{2} + 1 \in \mathbb{Z}^+)$ , let  $f \rightarrow P_q[x, q]$ , then

$$\int (cx)^m P_q[x] (a+bx^2)^p dx \rightarrow \int (cx)^m \left( P_q[x] - \frac{f}{c^q} (cx)^q \right) (a+bx^2)^p dx + \frac{f}{c^q} \int (cx)^{m+q} (a+bx^2)^p dx \rightarrow$$



$$\frac{1}{b(m+q+2p+1)} \int (c x)^m (a+b x^2)^p \left( b(m+q+2p+1) P_q[x] - b f(m+q+2p+1) x^q - a f(m+q-1) x^{q-2} \right) dx + \frac{f(c x)^{m+q-1} (a+b x^2)^{p+1}}{b c^{q-1} (m+q+2p+1)}$$

### Program code:

```
Int[(c_.**x_)^m_.*Pq_*(a_+b_.*x_^2)^p_,x_Symbol] :=
  With[{q=Expon[Pq,x],f=Coeff[Pq,x,Expon[Pq,x]]},
    f*(c*x)^(m+q-1)*(a+b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*c^(q-1)*(m+q+2*p+1)) +
    1/(b*(m+q+2*p+1))*Int[(c*x)^m*(a+b*x^2)^p*ExpandToSum[b*(m+q+2*p+1)*Pq-b*f*(m+q+2*p+1)*x^q-a*f*(m+q-1)*x^(q-2),x],x] /;
    GtQ[q,1] && NeQ[m+q+2*p+1,0] /;
    FreeQ[{a,b,c,m,p},x] && PolyQ[Pq,x] && (Not[IGtQ[m,0] || IGtQ[p+1/2,-1])
```